21. Robert Allen (letter dated October 22, 2008)

10/23/2008 20:12	9254491387	KEN GUNN	PAGE 01 .
886			Letter 21
BART	Extension Plannin so rept to Distri struy for Board	·9.	
(copy a	so sent to Distu	223 Donner Avenue	
Seev	aryour infor	Livermore, CA 94551-424	D
]-his-	a for madel		
,		22 October 2008	i.
	1.00		
BART B	ard of Directors Board of Directors		
MTC Co	nmissioners		
_		on to merge BART and Caltrain into a 5-county	rail
transit di	strict having the clout	of nearly six million people. Let the voters dec	de on a
		te Caltrain's peninsula line for BART and Bull	
• •	iden and grade separa	I-80 medians and extend BART in them at gra	de to
1	ivermore Antioch and	a Crockett;	
	auble track and prade	separate UP's Mulford line in the East Day,	
• (onvert local Caltrain t	BART between Millbrae and Santa Clara;	
• •	convert local Caltrain t	o SF Muni north of Millbrae and SFO; service to downtown San Francisco and electrif	y it;
	o Link SIC and S	FO with frequent bullet trains;	
21-1	enlace Capitol Corrid	or with Bullet trains, Oakland to San Jose;	
	o Link SIC and O	AK with frequent bullet trains;	
•	Build an Oak-Masonic Build an OAK to SFO	BART subway to the Golden Gate Bridge;	
	Build an OAK to SPU	the North Bay, the Central Valley, and Sacram	ento;
• i	Eliminate grade crossir	igs of passenger rail;	
	Free passengers from f	reight train delays and other impacts;	
•	Provide for High Speed	Rail along Bullet train tracks	
Our stat	a logislators in 1957 fo	mmed BART. Voters in 1962 - when San Fran	cisco had
only the	buildings over ten ste	ries tail - approved \$792 million in bonds. (1)	ney re now
paid off) Adjusted for inflatio	n and population in the new district, that bond	issue was
like \$16	billion would be toda the work.	y.) Such a bond issue would provide a funding	Dase IOI
-			
Let's le	ave our posterity a leg	acy like we received: frequent, safe, comfortab	le, reliable,
quiet, p	ollution-free, efficient	rail transit. BART around the Bay should be an	h easy sell!
· .		Plasa	ley
	4	Robert S. Allen	
		BART Director (1974-1)	988)
	<i>,</i>	Retired SP Engineering/	Operations
		(925) 449-1387	
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21. Robert Allen (letter dated October 22, 2008)

21.1 The commentor requests a merger of BART and Caltrain into a five-county rail transit district and a bond measure to provide rail transit improvements throughout the Bay Area. Four of the suggested improvements (convert Caltrain to BART, BART in freeway medians, BART subway to Golden Gate Bridge, and an OAK to SFO BART tube) are directly related to BART. The other suggested improvements are outside the jurisdiction of BART. Any one of the suggested BART projects would substantially expand the BART system and would require an extensive evaluation, which is beyond the scope of this EIR. On the issue of a BART-Caltrain merger, see Response 19.1, above.

22. Lori Bailey (web form dated September 19, 2008)

	Letter 22
	9/19/2008 14:58
	Lori Bailey home owner baileys32@comcast.net
	Subject: Bart extension to Hillcrest
22-1	When I moved to Antioch almost 26 years ago I was told Bart to Hillcrest was just a few short years away. Hmmm. It is LONG OVERDUE and it will greatly reduce the amount of traffic on HWY 4. From where I live the freeway noise in the AM then the PM is LOUD and I feel that bart will decrease that noise by more than half. I support the extension of Bart ASAP.

22. Lori Bailey (web form comment dated September 19, 2008)

22.1 The commentor expresses support for the Proposed Project. This comment concerns the merits of the project and does not concern the adequacy of the Draft EIR or BART's compliance with CEQA.

For clarification, the Proposed Project would reduce traffic on SR 4 (see Impact TR-3 and Impact TR-4); however, the Proposed Project is not anticipated to decrease freeway noise by more than half. As stated under Impact NO-CU-13 and Impact NO-CU-14, cumulative noise in the project corridor, to which the DMU would contribute, would be considered significant and unavoidable. SR 4 vehicular traffic would continue to be the primary source of cumulative traffic noise, to which the Proposed Project would add only a minor contribution. Additional feasible mitigation measures may become available as project plans evolve to further reduce DMU noise to the point where its effects would not be considered cumulatively considerable. Please refer to page 3.10-39 in the Draft EIR for more information.

	Letter 23
	10/13/2008
	Adela Barajas
	Subject: Project
23-1	When I read this bulletin I call all my friends to tell them we are so happy this is real good news for all of us and we hope this happen soon we need this soon thanks god for this and to you.

23. Adela Barajas (web form dated October 13, 2008)

23. Adela Barajas (web form comment dated October 13, 2008)

23.1 The commentor expresses support for the Proposed Project. This comment concerns the merits of the project and does not concern the adequacy of the Draft EIR or BART's compliance with CEQA. Accordingly, no further response is necessary.

	Letter 24
	11/16/2008
	Aswan Boudreaux Subject: Comments on BART expansion - DEIR
	Sorry - thought the 6th was the last day to comment:
_	Will try anyway as there are just a few
24-1	1. Surprised only one option was available (DMU Train)
24-2	2. Disappointed we were not permitted to ask questions during the October 13th meeting.
24-3	3. Understand the financial implications of traditional BART model, but question the capacity of the DMU option:
	A. If the expanded BART services will not be until 2015, will a DMU model match the need of the growth/development in the region at that time?
24-4	B. Super-refined diesel fuel is more costly to produce- coupled with the fluxuation in oil prices, is this the best alternative? Still concerned about growing levels of exhaust, even if it is small in comparision to most vehicles.
24-5	C. We would prefer BART continue to explore clean energy alternatives - electricity / solar options (trains/ structures maybe placed on BART owned land) to power trains / light-rail vehicles.
	Thank you for your time we look forward to this much needed (and tax dedicated) service.
	Best,
	Aswan Boudreaux
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24. Aswan Boudreaux (web form dated November 6, 2008)

24. Aswan Boudreaux (web form comment dated November 6, 2008)

- 24.1 A number of alternatives to DMU were considered in the Draft EIR. These are documented in Section 5, Alternatives, of the Draft EIR, and include a BART Extension Alternative, a Bus Rapid Transit Alternative, and an electrified Light Rail Vehicle Alternative. The project feasibility study, entitled the East SR 4 Corridor Transit Study and completed in 2002, also looked at these alternatives as well as commuter rail. Please see Section 5.7, Alternatives Considered But Withdrawn, beginning on page 5-176, for other alternatives that were considered.
- 24.2 BART representatives were available to answer questions about the project prior to the start of the meeting, as well as after the meeting ended. The purpose of the public hearing itself was to record public comments on the Draft EIR. As explained by both BART Director Keller and eBART Project Manager Ellen Smith during the public hearing, comments would be responded to in writing as part of the Final EIR.
- 24.3 The ridership forecasts for the years 2015 and 2030 included expected growth and development in the east county area. Projected passenger loads are well within the capacity of the DMU technology. Each DMU car can carry up to 200 riders which is more than can be handled by a single BART car. DMU trains can be up to three cars in length.
- 24.4 The cost of super refined fuel (known as low-sulfur diesel) and future fluctuations in oil prices are important concerns for the future operations and maintenance costs of the transit service. To address this fact and to be conservative, the operating cost analysis for the DMU technology assumed a cost of \$4.00 per gallon. This is a very high cost assumption, as BART would be able to buy fuel in bulk at rates lower than what the typical consumer price would be. The availability of diesel fuel and the impacts of the exhaust are addressed in Section 3.11, Air Quality, and Section 3.15, Energy, of the EIR.

In addition, please also refer to Master Response 5 in Section 3 of this document, regarding the health risk assessment performed for the diesel emissions that are predicted from the proposed DMU technology. Master Response 5, along with the more detailed examination, presented in Impact AQ-7 in Section 3.11, Air Quality, of the Draft EIR provide background for the EIR conclusion that health risks from the Proposed Project would be less than significant.

24.5 The Proposed Project would use ultra low sulfur diesel fuel and be equipped with diesel engines that would comply with EPA Tier 4 regulations. As a result, the air quality and exhaust impacts from the DMU technology would be less than significant. An electric-powered light rail vehicle or LRV was evaluated as an alternative in the Draft EIR (see Section 5, Alternatives). BART will continue to

explore clean energy solutions and is experimenting with generating solar power from structures on BART property. Currently, solar panels are being installed at the Orinda BART Station, the Hayward Yard, and the Richmond Yard as part of solar demonstration projects.

25. Mike Charlton (web form dated October 23, 2008)

	Letter 25
	10/23/2008 21:39 Mike Charlton
	mikecharlton@yahoo.com
	Subject: Comments on BART expansion - DEIR
25-1	I would like to see eBart using more clean technologies for this extension. If diesel must be used, then you must consider bio-diesel. I am opposed to projects going forward that continue to rely on oil dependence. The proposed usage of diesel is a step in the wrong direction.

25. Mike Charlton (web form comment dated October 23, 2008)

25.1 The Proposed Project would use ultra low sulfur diesel fuel and be equipped with diesel engines that would comply with EPA Tier 4 regulations. As a result, the air quality and exhaust impacts from the DMU technology would be less than significant.

Please refer to Master Response 4 in Section 3 of this document, regarding the use of alternative fuels to power transit service into East County.

26. Yahne David (web form dated November 1, 2008)

	Letter 26
	11/1/2008 Yahne David Subject:
26-1	I'm a new resident of Antioch and I was aware of the skyrocketing population long ago. However, it's totally different when you actually deal with this type of traffic 7 DAYS A WEEK! Since the future BART plans include service to Brentwood, eBART is only a temporary solution. We need the real deal BART Extension all the way! A 200 passenger eBART train will not handle this ever growing population out here. REAL BART TRIANS PLEASE! Our tax dollars have been paying for oh so long.

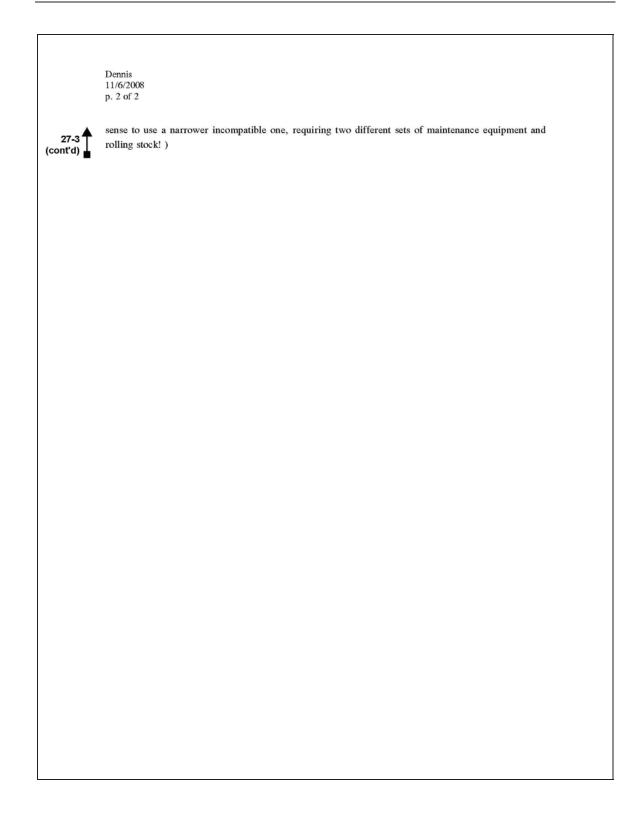
26. Yahne David (web form comment dated November 1, 2008)

26.1 The commentor expresses a preference for conventional BART over the Proposed Project. Please refer to Master Response 2 in Section 3 of this document, regarding the Contra Costa County taxpayer's contributions to the BART system and BART's evaluation of providing conventional BART technology. This comment concerns the merits of the project and does not concern the adequacy of the Draft EIR or BART's compliance with CEQA. Discussions of the Proposed Project's merits will occur during the upcoming BART Board public hearing.

Regarding the ability of DMU to accommodate projected ridership in East County, a DMU car has a capacity for 200 passengers, which is greater than a BART car. Capacity can be increased by linking cars into two- or three-car trains, and the DMUs would provide the capacity to carry the projected number of riders in the SR 4 corridor.

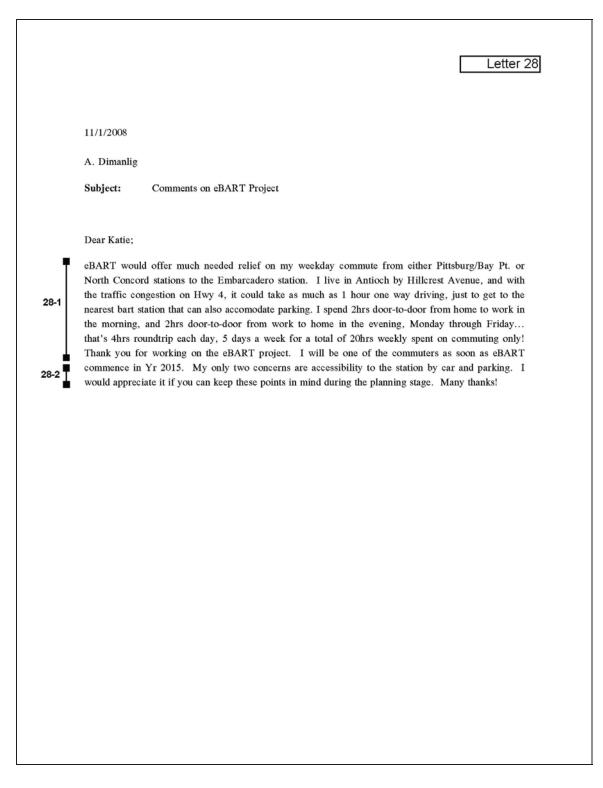
	Letter 27
	11/6/2008
	Dennis
	Subject: eBart vs. BART
	Dear Katie;
Ţ	I saw a Documentary on the History Channel last Thursday night (13th, 10pm), about the evolution of "High Speed Rail". It said everyone, Worldwide had dropped Diesel for Electric many years ago because:
	Electric is less expensive to procure
	Electric is much more reliable
27-1	Electrics are lighter and faster
	Electric costs less to maintain and less to operate
	Electrics are quieter and pollute less
	Diesels are more complex and have many more moving parts
•	Diesel is quite flammable and much more hazardous
	Sincerly,
	dennis
27-2	P. S. (I wonder how BART would answer this? For them to even consider using a whole different and completely incompatible system, for just one Segment/Station out of 50 already exsisting, considering their proven track record of Engineering incompetence, seems completely brain dead. After 43 years, they still have not even been able to get their current system to work as they promised the Taxpayers in 1965. BART also has said Where are they going to build the Diesel Test Track?
	One example, BART just announced that after 43 years, they finally figured out that train Cars with 3 Doors work much better than 2-doors. So now they tell us in 6 more years they hope to replace all 659 Cars with new 3-door ones.
27-3	Just in time for their 50th Anniversary! Even if they change and choose Electric traction, the larger problem of Narrow gauge track will persist. BART has touted their wider tracks as safer, it makes no

27. Dennis (web form dated November 6, 2008)



27. Dennis (web form comment dated November 6, 2008)

- 27.1 The commentor expresses a preference for the Proposed Project to be powered by electricity rather than diesel. BART evaluated an electric version of the DMU, which was analyzed in the Draft EIR as the Light Rail Vehicle (LRV) Alternative. Please also refer to Master Response 3 in Section 3 of this document regarding electric propulsion.
- 27.2As noted by the commentor, the DMU system is a different system from the conventional BART system. The advantage of the DMU is that it can accommodate the anticipated ridership from the two additional stations and can be constructed at a lower cost than a conventional BART extension. The DMU system would not preclude a conversion to conventional BART at some time in the future. However, BART is a specialized system with its own track gauge (5 feet, 6 inches) compared to standard gauge tracks, which are 4 feet 8.5 inches wide. Conversion of the DMU tracks to BART would require widening the tracks. The cost to widen the tracks has not been determined, but it would be only one component of converting the system to conventional BART, which would require installation of a third-rail power system, upgraded communications, enlarged stations, and a new, larger maintenance facility at Hillcrest Avenue. The alternative of extending existing BART technology and tracks is evaluated in Section 5, Alternatives, of the Draft EIR. One of the principal reasons the DMU was chosen as the Proposed Project is because it is more cost efficient given the expected ridership. Please refer to Master Responses 1 and 2 in Section 3 of this document for further information about BART's decision to advance the DMU technology rather than conventional BART technology. DMUs are a proven technology and are currently in operation in many locations worldwide. Vehicles will be tested operationally on the Proposed Project guideway prior to acceptance by BART and the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). No separate test track would be necessary.
- 27.3 The commentor expresses a concern regarding a narrow gauge track, even if BART chooses electric traction. Please refer to Master Response 1 in Section 3 of this document regarding the reasons for choosing DMU. Like the previous comment, this comment concerns the merits of the project and does not concern the adequacy of the Draft EIR or BART's compliance with CEQA. Discussions of the project's merits will occur during the upcoming BART Board public hearing.



28. A. Dimanling (web form dated November 6, 2008)

28. A. Dimanlig (web form comment dated November 1, 2008)

- 28.1 The commentor expresses discontent with his current commute of four hours per day and therefore supports the Proposed Project, as it will relieve the length of his current commute. This comment concerns the merits of the project and does not concern the adequacy of the Draft EIR or BART's compliance with CEQA. Accordingly, no further response is necessary.
- 28.2 The commentor expresses that his only concerns about the Proposed Project are access to the station [Hillcrest Avenue Station] by car and parking. Both the Railroad Avenue Station and Hillcrest Avenue Station would be accessible from SR 4, and parking would be provided at both stations. Three hundred spaces would be provided at the Railroad Avenue Station and 1,000 spaces would be provided at the Hillcrest Avenue Station initially with the potential for future expansion to 2,600 spaces. A description of access and parking for the Hillcrest Avenue Station is provided in Section 2, Project Description, beginning on page 2-17 in the Draft EIR.

29. Ed Diokno (web form dated October 13, 2008)

Letter 29 10/13/2008 Ed Diokno Pittsburg Planning Commission - City Hall Pittsburg, CA 94565 ediok@bos.cccounty.us Organization/Affiliation: Supervisor Glover Subject: (Written comment from meeting) MTC mandate requiring 5000 dwelling units w/in 1/2 mile radius from station should be altered in suburban/rural settings where people are more accustomed to getting into their vehicles to go to the 29-1 store. BART users will be coming from a wider area. A radius of 2 miles is more realistic for suburban/rural settings. Why is Pittsburg the only city on a BART line to pay for its own station? Pittsburg has helped pay for 29-2 stations in other cities, for over 40 years. Buy cars from Abdogado (local train manufacturer) 29-3 T

29. Ed Diokno (web form comment dated October 13, 2008)

- 29.1 MTC Resolution # 3434, which applies to the Proposed Project, recognizes the Proposed Project's DMU technology as a form of "commuter rail" and mandates local agencies to plan for 2,200 dwelling units within a half-mile radius of each proposed station location for such "commuter rail" extensions. There is no requirement, as commentor suggests, that 5,000 dwelling units be planned within the half-mile radius of the proposed new DMU stations. While the Draft EIR considers the Proposed Project's consistency with MTC Resolution #3434, altering that policy is outside of the scope of BART's authority
- 29.2 The City of Pittsburg offered to provide funding for design and construction of the Railroad Avenue Station as a way of expediting station development. Please also refer to Master Response 2 for a perspective on contributions by communities in East County over the past 40 years.
- 29.3 Selection of a vendor for project-related vehicles is an aspect of project implementation. The comment does not address the adequacy of the environmental analysis in the Draft EIR. Therefore, no response is required.

	9/23/2008 Carlos V. Galvis Subject: BART to Hillcrest
30-1	<text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text>

30. Carlos V. Galvis (web form dated September 23, 2008)

30. Carlos V. Galvis (web form comment dated September 23, 2008)

30.1 The commentor expresses a preference for conventional BART technology rather than the DMU technology advanced by the Proposed Project. Please see Master Responses 1 and 2 for a discussion of the history and rationale for advancing DMU as the technology for the Proposed Project and for discussion of east Contra Costa County's contribution to the BART system.

The commentor also suggests the use of diesel engines is not an environmentally sound choice. The air quality and health risk impacts associated with the Proposed Project are analyzed in Sections 3.11, Air Quality, and 3.12, Public Health and Safety, respectively, and are further addressed in Master Response 5.

Commentor's remaining statements relate to the merits of the Proposed Project and do not concern the adequacy of the environmental analysis contained in the Draft EIR. Therefore, no further response is required, although it is noted that the transfer platform and the operating plan have been designed to make the connection between BART and DMU trains as convenient and efficient as possible for East County commuters.