



# San Francisco Washington, D.C.



### HENNY YOUNGMAN ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN EVALUATION SURVEY

J.

### FOR THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA RAPID TRANSIT (BART) DISTRICT

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A. INTRODUCTION, SCREENING SCRIPT, AND QUESTIONNAIRE B. VARIABLE LIST

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

The San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) District conducted an advertising campaign featuring a prominent comedian, Henny Youngman. The purpose of the campaign, aimed at regular commuters, was to provide information on the reduced cost and stress of using the BART system. The advertising used several media, including television, radio, billboards, and bus posters.

After the completion of the advertising, BART officials wished to evaluate the effectiveness of the campaign, including increases in awareness and knowledge of the details of the campaign and effects on commute behavior. The achieve this, a sample survey of 400 East Bay households was designed and E.H. White and Company was hired to conduct this survey.

The scope of work for this survey project included revising the draft questionnaire (through staff review and a pretest), developing a sampling plan, selecting the sample, conducting the interviews, entering and verifying the data, and producing crosstabulations of the survey data.

This report presents the methodology employed to fulfill the requirements of this survey project.

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#### **II. METHODOLOGY**

#### A. QUESTIONNAIRE DEVELOPMENT

#### 1. Questionnaire Review

A draft questionnaire was developed by BART staff and included in the solicitation letter to prospective firms. The first task was to review this draft questionnaire; this was done using the criteria of comprehensiveness of response choices, clarity of purpose, and ease of administration, understanding and response.

The final review was for the overall flow of the question sequence, including the logic and ability to follow. This was particularly important since there were "skip" patterns depending on the respondent's familiarity with the advertising campaign.

Comments and recommended changes were compiled and presented at the initial project meeting, including some minor rearrangement of the questions and simplification of some of the wording. Additional discussion focused on the degree of prompting that was allowable for some of the questions.

A revised draft questionnaire was produced based on the discussions and presented to BART for review and comment. The review produced some additional wording changes and the addition of a new question relating to desired information about BART.

The draft final questionnaire was produced, incorporating the comments from BART.

#### 2. Questionnaire Pretest

To insure the utility of the questionnaire and the survey procedures, a pretest was performed on a small number of potential respondents that will not be part of the final sample. A small sample, using the sample selection methodology (see below), was selected and called. The questionnaires were

completed, and the interviewers also made notations on the questionnaires about any difficulties with the questions. A total of 186 households were called, with 48 (26%) not contacted or otherwise not completed, 103 (55%) determined not eligible, 16 (9%) refusing, and 19 (10%) completing the survey. The response rate among eligible respondents (N=35) for the pretest was 54%.

Questionnaire modification results from the pretest included simplifying the introduction script and replacing the number of days of BART ridership with a set of categories to account for "sporadic" or "occasional" answers.

### B. SAMPLE PLANNING AND SELECTION

The universe of interest for this survey was the household population within the zip codes that represent the East Bay BART ridership area. The selection of these zip codes, made by BART personnel, included all zip code areas within a specified radius of a BART station. The universe definition includes 40 zip code areas.

The sampling frame data source was two volumes of the Hanes Reverse Telephone Directory (Oakland and East Bay). This document was chosen because the listings are presented by zip code.

The number of listings for each zip code in the directories is listed in a table at the beginning of the directory; therefore, the enumeration of the sampling frame was accomplished by extracting the number of listings for each of the forty zip codes of interest.

The objective of the sampling plan was to produce a sample that is representative proportionate to size for the area around each East Bay BART station. For ease of survey administration and analysis purposes, a single zip code from the two to five representing each station area was chosen to represent that area.

CITY	ZIP CODES	DIRECTORY LISTINGS	GROUP TOTALS	GROUP PERCENTS	SURVEY SIZE
Fremont	94536 94538 94587	13,959 11,176 10,677	35,812	0.1159	46
Hayward	94541 94542 94544 94580	12,946 2,513 12,544 4,823	32,826	0.1062	42
San Leandro	94577 94578 94579 94603	7,529 6,032 3,400 6,198	23,159	0.0750	30
Concord	94520 94518 94519	8,195 8,005 5,727	21,927	0.0710	. 28
Walnut Creek	94596 94523 94598	12,398 10,013 9,029	31,440	0.1018	41
Lafayette	94549 94563 94595	8,852 6,368 8,437	23,657	0.0766	31
El Cerrito	94530 94804	8,904 9,956	18,860	0.0610	24
Richmond	94805 94801 94803 94806	4,355 5,724 5,793 10,534	26,406	0.0855	34
Berkeley	94705 94618 94703 94704	5,796 6,754 6,698 6,615	25,863	0.0837	33
Berkeley	94707 94702 94706 94708 94709	5,890 5,972 6,106 5,334 4,305	27,607	.0.0893	36
Oakland	94605 94601 94602 94619 94621	10,318 9,281 9,256 6,845 5,733	41,433	0.1341	54
	TOTALS		308,990	1.0000	400

•••

1: SAMPLING FRAME AND SAMPLE SIZE DEFINITION

**4** ·

Table 1 presents the directory listing data and the proportionate number of surveys needed to represent each station's zip code cluster. The first zip code listed for each City area is the one chosen to represent that area.

The sampling technique was a multi-stage procedure, with the stages defined as 1) the page number, 2) the column number, 3) the subset of the column with eligible listings (within zip codes of interest), and 4) the percent location in the column subset from the top.

The following is an outline of the steps taken to define and select the sample:

1. Based on the total number of pages and columns in each of the two reverse telephone directories, random numbers were generated for each page-column-percent of column number combination, proportioned between the two directories by zip code populations in each. The following is an example of the output of the computer program that produced the random selections:

#### EASTBAY LISTING NUMBER 13

Page No.	Column No.	Column %	Number of Listings	Listing Number
217 105 488	6 1 4	10 83 78		
186 69	5 2	34 50		

- 2. For each random combination of page and column number, the number of eligible listings were counted; criteria for inclusions were within zip codes of interest, with listed telephone numbers, and nonduplicated addresses.
- 3. This number of eligible listings was multiplied by the column percentage number (e.g., 50 listings x 34% = listing number 17). The name and telephone number of the selected listing was recorded on the Sampling Data Sheet/Telephone Call Sheet.

The initial procedure involved using the BART-owned copies of the Hanes books in the basement of the BART administration building. When the selection procedure proved much more time consuming than had been anticipated, two additional volumes were secured for use in the E.H. White office. This

allowed for a doubling of sample selection productivity. Nonetheless, the sample selection process required the assignment of two people, almost full time, to accomplish.

The computer-generated random selections for each book contained 1,000 random number sets, the remaining lists (11 more for the Eastbay book and 12 more for the Oakland book) contained 500 random number sets. The random selections were sorted by page and column number to facilitate the selection process (i.e., eliminate time consuming page searching); however, the sorting was discontinued as soon as a zip code area neared completion in order to avoid any bias introduced by the sorting.

Initially, each list was first checked against the previous list to avoid duplications or counting previous selections (i.e., this is a "without replacement" sample). However, this soon became extremely time consuming and, coincident with the acquisition of the directories, the selections were marked in the book and therefore skipped over in subsequent column countings.

### C. SURVEY PROCEDURES

#### 1. Interviewer Selection and Training

Interviewers were selected based on experience and the requirements of this survey. Criteria for selection of interviewers was the ability to communicate the questionnaire and understand the variety of response possibilities, dependability, and general demeanor. Eight interviewers were hired to work on this survey; however, when sample selection proved to require much more time than was anticipated, two of the interviewers were reassigned to sample selection.

The interviewer training was conducted by the Project Director. Training took place the afternoon before the first interviews. The questionnaire was

reviewed in depth, and discussion followed to allow for complete understanding of the meaning and intent of each question and of each skip pattern. The training also covered the following topics:

- o Methods of communications with respondents
- o Administration of the questionnaires
- o How to handle respondent questions
- o Relationships of the interviewer and BART
- o The importance of maintaining confidentiality
- o Handling refusals and item nonresponse

### 2. Conducting the Survey

The completed sampling data sheets/telephone call sheets (hereinafter referred to as callsheets) were placed in a box marked "CALLSHEETS ---- READY TO BE SURVEYED" as soon as they were completed. Other boxes used were labeled as follows:

CALLSHEETS	 INELIGIBLES	CALLSHEETS	 SCHEDULED CALL BACKS
CALLSHEETS	 REFUSALS	CALLSHEETS	 COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRES
		CALLSHEETS	 REMOVALS

Each interviewer selected a handful of callsheets, either from the "ready" bin or the "not yet contacted" bin. Each callsheet was first reviewed for the previous experience, especially for notations concerning individuals to ask for or other such information that could prove useful, and then the listed telephone number was called.

As soon as the phone was answered, the introduction was read and the screening question was asked (please see the Introduction and Screening Script, presented in Appendix A).

Possible outcomes of each call were numerous, including making no contact (e.g., no answer, busy line, answering machine), determining the household was not eligible (i.e., having no one commuting the required distance, duration,

and destination), scheduling a return call, conducting the interview, or having the potential respondent refuse.

If the individual called was unwilling to cooperate, and the interviewer exhausted all attempts to gain cooperation, then specific reasons for their noncooperation were determined and documented.

The actions for each call were documented on the callsheets, using the coding scheme presented below.

After the interviews were completed, the interviewers checked the instrument thoroughly to insure that it was complete, correct, and legible. The complete questionnaires were placed in a labeled box.

### TELEPHONE SURVEY CONTACT CODES

### NON-CONTACT CODES

1 = no answer 2 = phone is busy 3 = answering machine	<pre>4 = scheduled callback (specify who and when) 9 = other (specify contact response and followup action)</pre>
<u>INELIGIBLE CODES</u> 50 = not valid listing/disconnected 51 = not in area 52 = no commuters in household 53 = not residence (business) 59 = other (specify)	REFUSAL CODES 91 = dislike BART 92 = too busy 93 = not interested 94 = don't do surveys 95 = hung up 99 = other (specify)

Some callsheets were "retired", either for continued non-contact or because their zip code cluster allocation was complete. The removal criteria for non-contact was as follows:

> If a callsheet has been called during at least five days, including a weekend (Friday-Sunday) and a daytime call, then it can be placed in the "REMOVALS" box.

### D. QUESTIONNAIRE POSTCODING AND CHECKING

1. Questionnaire Checking

> • Verification and editing of the questionnaires was a continual process, beginning with the completed questionnaires and continuing until the final 1977 - B. M. J. data disk was created. The reliability of the data was insured by checking

for the following potential problems:

- legibility of the responses;
- completeness;
- responses out of range or between allowable choices;
- inconsistencies

Each completed questionnaire was inspected for each of the potential problems listed above. Problems of legibility were handled by marginal notes

to aid the data entry people. Inconsistencies and out-of-range responses were checked by reviewing the questionnaire with the interviewer or, in a few cases, by calling the respondent and re-asking the relevant questions.

### 2. Questionnaire Postcoding

Postcoding the questionnaires included coding the single open-ended question (Question 3b) and coding the "other" responses for five questions (Questions 4, 6, 7, 12 and 13). The postcoding categories were developed by first creating a list of the responses and then categorizing the list into comprehensive and mutually exclusive set of choices. The postcode categories are presented in Table 2.

#### E. DATA ENTRY, VERIFICATION AND EDIT

The data entry program was written to accept only those answers that fall within an allowable range specified for each question. If the response does not fall within this range, the program remained at the question until an acceptable response was entered. The program constructed an ASCII string record for the responses from each questionnaire and wrote this record to the data file after each questionnaire was entered. The description of the data record is presented as the variable list in Appendix B.

The quality of the data was also insured using visual verification for 100% of the questionnaires. A second program was written that presented the questions and the recorded responses; this was compared to the questionnaire and discrepancies were recorded for data edit.

The data was edited using the wordprocessor in nondocument mode. Specific controls were used to ensure that the correct record and column position was modified. Each record that was edited was verified again to completed the data entry quality control process.

3b.	What did you see or hear?	<pre>1 = Advertising on radio 2 = Advertising on TV 3 = Advertising on billboard 4 = "Take Bart" or some variation 5 = "Henny Youngman" or some variation 6 = "A man with violin" or some variation 7 = Other</pre>
<b>4.</b>	Do you remember a particular person featured in the advertisements?	<pre>4 = Variations on "Henny Youngman" 5 = Descriptions (e.g., comedian, man w/ viols 6 = Other</pre>
6.	Do you remember a particular line or phrase from the advertisement?	2 = Variations on "Take your Bart, please" 3 = other
7.	What message do you think the advertising was trying to convey?	<pre>4 = "Ride BART" or some variation 5 = Avoid traffic jams 6 = Avoid parking problems 7 = Other</pre>
12.	Please tell me why you do not use BART (more)?	6 = Parking problems 7 = Crime around stations 8 = Must operate vehicle 9 = Other
13.	What additional information about BART would be helpful to you?	6 = Quality improvement information 7 = Expansion information 8 = Other

## TABLE 2: QUESTIONNAIRE POSTCODE CATEGORIES

### III. RESULTS

#### A. SURVEY RESPONSE RESULTS

Of the approximately 13,000 computer-generated random number sets, a total of 3,676 listings were extracted from the directories that fell within the eleven zip codes of interest. Due to variations between the zip code areas in eligibility (zip codes of residence and commuting characteristics), the distribution of the sample selected does not completely match the distribution of the total listings available. However, the number of completions does correlate almost exactly with the number of total listings due to strict control over the number of surveys completed for each zip code area.

Of the 3,676 selected listings, 257 (7.0%) were never contacted, 2,571 (69.9%) were determined to be ineligible, 437 (11.9%) refused to participate, and 411 (11.2%) completed the interview. Table 3 presents these results distributed by zip code, and Table 4 presents the statistical relationships between the result categories.

The overall response rate for this survey was 48.5%, with the lowest zip code area being Concord at 35.9% and the highest being Walnut Creek at 57.5%. The variation in response rate is most likely attributable to standard demographic characteristics (e.g., age, education and income) and their relationship with the propensity to answer a survey: older (but not the oldest), better educated and higher income (but not the highest) are more likely to participate in a survey.

NUMBERS									
	ZIP	TOTAL	TOTAL	NOT	NOT		CONDI EME		
CITIES	CODES	LISTINGS	SAMPLE	CONTACT	ELIGIBLE	REFUSED	COMPLETE		
El Cerrito	<b>94</b> 530	18,860	191	5	134	26	26		
Richmond	94805	26,406	296	21	195	46	34		
Berkeley	<b>9</b> 4705	25 <b>,</b> 863	237	13	162	28	34		
Berkeley	94707	27,607	248	10	170	29	39		
Oakland	94605	41,433	381	18	259	47	57		
Fremont	94536	35,812	<u>;</u> 700	·. <b>47</b>	536	73	44		
Hayward	94541	32,826	381	26	265	48	42		
San Leandro	<b>9</b> 4577	<b>2</b> 3,159	320	35	223	31	31		
Concord	94520	<b>21,92</b> 7	. 401	40	283	50	28		
Walnut Creek	<b>94</b> 596	31,440	311	22	216	31	42		
Lafayette	94549	23,657	210	20	128	28	34		
				<u> </u>					
TOTALS		308,990	3,676	257	2,571	437	411		

# TABLE 3: DISTRIBUTIONS OF SAMPLE SELECTION AND CALL RESULTS

### PERCENTAGES

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CITIES	ZIP CODES	TOTAL LISTINGS	TOTAL SAMPLE	NOT CONTACT	NOT ELIGIBLE	REFUSED	COMPLETE
El Cerrito	94530	6.1	5.2	2.0	5.2	6.0	6.3
Richmond	94805	8.6	8.1	8.2	7.6	10.5	8.3
Berkeley	94705	8.4	6.5	5.1	6.3	6.4	8.3
Berkeley	94707	8.9	6.8	3.9	6.6	6.6	9.5
Oakland	94605	13.4	10.4	7.0	10.1	10.8	13.9
Fremont	94536	11.6	19.0	18.3	20.9	16.7	10.7
	94541	10.6	10.4	10.1	10.3	11.0	··10.2
San Leandro	94577	7.5	8.7	13.6	8.7	7.1	7.5
Concord	94520	7.1	10.9	15.6	11.0	11.4	6.8
Walnut Creek	94596	10.2	. 8.5	8.6	ੰ8₊4	7.1	10.2
Lafayette	94549	7.7	5.7	·7.8	5.0	6.4	8.3
<u>.</u>				<del></del>			<u> </u>
TOTALS	·	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<u> </u>							<u> </u>

				<u>.</u> .	<u></u>	
	LISTINGS	SAMPLE	NON-CONT	INELIGIB	REFUSED	COMPLETE
LISTINGS	1.00000					
SAMPLE	•57973	1.00000				
NON-CONTACT	.20617	.81951	1.00000			
INELIGIBLE	•55022	.99730	<b>.</b> 80537	1.00000		
REFUSED	•56028	.93942	•74744	.92403	1.00000	
COMPLETE	.97773	.42897	.06098	•39707	.40715	1.00000

# TABLE 4: CORRELATION MATRIX: VARIABLES REPRESENTING RESULTS OF SURVEY

TABLE 4: RESPONSE RATE ANALYSIS

CITIES	ZIP CODES	REFUSED	COMPLETE	RESPONSE RATE
El Cerrito	94530	26	26	50.0 <sup>'</sup> 8
Richmond	94805	46	34	42.5%
Berkeley	94705	28	34	54.8%
Berkeley	94707	29	39	57.4%
Oakland	94605	47	57	54.8%
Fremont	94536	73	44	37.6%
Hayward	94541	48	42	46.7%
San Leandro	94577	31	31	50.0%
Concord	94520	50	28	35.9%
Walnut Creek	94596	31	42	57.5%
Lafayette	94549	28	<b>4</b>	54.8%
Totals	<u></u>	437	411	48.5%

### **B. DATA TABULATION**

The required output for this project was a set of crosstabulations of each of the questionnaire variables by the zip code of the respondent. The production of these crosstabulations served two purposes: to provide a final check of the data as well as to fulfill the project deliverable requirements.

The crosstabulations were an important component of the data verification process. Each variable was checked for out-of-range or inconsistent answers. A few were detected; for these, the survey instrument was checked and the data set was corrected as appropriate.

The crosstabulations were produced using a statistical software package. For each table, the variable labels, value labels, and variable locations (start and length) within the data record were defined. The program extracted the data, calculated the marginal sums, and produced the table.

### BART - HENNY YOUNGMAN EVALUATION SURVEY

#### INTRODUCTION AND SCREENING SCRIPT

Hello. My name is \_\_\_\_\_\_. I am with E.H. White and Company, a survey firm in San Francisco. We have been hired by BART to talk to people in East Bay cities about their opinions of BART services.

I need to know if there is someone in your household who is 14 years old or older, and who travels at least 5 miles to work or school at least 3 days a week to San Francisco, Oakland, or Berkeley. [REPEAT DETAILS AS NEEDED]

Do you or someone in your household fit this description?

-- Yes, I do [BEGIN QUESTIONNAIRE]

-- Yes, someone else [ASK FOR THAT PERSON AND in household does BEGIN INTRODUCTION AGAIN]

-- No, no one in household [TERMINATE INTERVIEW]

[IF ASKED HOW WE GOT THEIR TELEPHONE NUMBER]

We have selected your house at random from the telephone book.

[IF ASKED HOW LONG THE SURVEY WILL TAKE]

The survey should only take about 5 minutes to complete.

[IF RELUCTANT AND/OR STATE CONCERN FOR CONFIDENTIALITY:]

Before we start, I would like to assure you that all information that you provide me will be kept confidential. No names will be used in our report.

[IF ASKED WHO IS SPONSORING THIS SURVEY:]

The Bay Area Rapid Transit District, known as BART; the people who run the trains through the East Bay, out to Concord, and under the Bay to San Francisco.

	RESPONDENT SAMPLE NUMBER:
	QUESTIONNAIRE NUMBER:
	ZIP CODE:
	RESPONDENT SEX (1=Female, 2=Male): (8=Can't ascertain)
·1.	In what city do you work or go to school?
·	1. San Francisco 8. Don't know
	2. Oakland 9. Refused
	3. Berkeley
2.	How far is the closest BART station from your work or school?
	1. One mile or less> Which station?
	2. Over one mile (specify distance miles)
	8 Don't know
	9. Refused
3a.	Have you seen or heard BART's advertising campaign during the past 4 months? [PROMPT: a multi-media campaign featuring a well-known entertainer]
	1. Yes
	2. No } SKIP TO QUESTION 8a, PAGE 3 8. Don't know }
<b>b</b>	that did you soo or boar?
<b>D.</b>	What did you see or hear? P
	I
4.	Do you remember a particular person featured in the advertisements? [PROMPT: What was the name of that person?]
	1. Yes, Henny Youngman
	2. Yes, someone else (specify)
	3. No, I don't remember
	9. Refused

BART - HENNY YOUNGMAN SURVEY

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5a.	Where did you see	or hear it	: (the advert	isement)?	(CHIDCK	ALL THAT	APPLY]
	1. Newspaper	4. 1	relevision			·	,
	2. Radio	5. E	Bus cards				
	3. Billboard	8. C	on't know	I	<b>.</b>	!i	II
	6. Other (specify					_)	
-	[IF ONLY ONE ITEM	SELECTED 1	IN QUESTION !	5a, SKIP TO	QUESTI	ON 6]	
5b.	Which of these do	you rememb	er best? []	PICK ONLY O	NE OF T	HOSE SELI	ected above]
,	1. Newspaper	4. 7	<b>Television</b>				
• • •	2. Radio	5. I	Bus cards		-		
	3. Billboard	8. I	on't know				lł
	6. Other						
6.	Do you remember a	particula	r line or ph	rase from t	he adve	rtisement	t?
	1. "Take your BAR	T, please"					, <u> </u>
	2. Other (specify					_)	
	8. Don't know						II
7.	What message do y	ou think t	he advertisi	ng was tryi	ng to c	convey?	
	1. BART is less s	tressful t	han driving				ı <del></del> 1
	2. BART may cost	less than o	driving		• • •		
	3. BART is less s 4. Other (specify	· · ·	nd may cost	less than d	lriving	_)	· · · · ·
-	8. Don't know	•					
	·	· _					

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PAGE 3

8a.	About how many days a week did LAST YEAR?	l you ride BART to school or work	ıı
	1. 5 or more days per week	3. 1-2 days per week	
	2. 3-4 days per week	4. less than one day per week	I!
8b.	About how many days a week do	you ride BART to school or work NOW?	
	1. 5 or more days per week	3. 1-2 days per week	
	2. 3-4 days per week	4. less than one day per week	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
, . ,	[IF HAVEN'T HEARD OF ADVERTIS]	ING CAMPAIGN, SKIP TO QUESTION 12]	
9.	Has the advertising helped mal	ke you more aware of the <u>cost</u> of comm	auting?
	l. Yes	8. Don't know	J <del></del> (
	2. NO		
		、 、	
10.	Has the advertising helped main [IF DON'T UNDERSTAND THE TERM	ke you more aware of the <u>stress</u> of co <u>STRESS</u> , USE ALSO ANXIETY, TENSION, I	mmuting? TEAR, ANGER]
	l. Yes	8. Don't know	
	2. No		
	[IF QUESTION 8a and 8b ARE EQ	UAL, SKIP TO QUESTION 12]	11
11.	Do you believe you have chang as a result of the advertisin	ed your use of BART g?	
	1. Yes	8. Don't know	
	2. No	·····	
) <u>2</u> 2 • 1			I!
	[IF THEY HAVE INDICATED THAT SKIP TO QUESTION 13]	THEY USE BART 5 DAYS OR MORE IN QUES	TION 85,
12.	Please tell me why you do not	use BART (more)? [CHECK ALL THAT A	PPLY]
	1. It's too expensive	3. It's too crowded	·· 2
	2. It's too slow	4. It doesn't come often enough	
	5. It doesn't go where I want	to go	
	6. Other (specify	)	
	8. Don't know		
·	~		· · ·

13.	What additional information about BART would be helpful to you? [IF NO INFORMATION IS DESIRED, WRITE 0 (zero) IN TOP BOX]				
	1. Scheduling information 4. Cost information				
	2. Service reliability information 5. Station locations	<sup></sup>			
	3. Connecting transit information				
	6. Other (specify)				
14.	I am going to read some age groups to you. Please stop me when I say the age group that includes your age.				
	1. 14 to 17 years 4. 35 to 44 years 7. 65 years or over	ıı			
• *	2. 18 to 24 years 5. 45 to 54 years 9. Refused				
	3. 25 to 34 years 6. 55 to 64 years	ļ			
15a.	How many cars, trucks or vans are there in working condition in your household? Number of vehicles>				
ь.	How many of these vehicles are available to you for your use? Number of vehicles>				
16.	How many persons are there in your family living with you?	·			
	Number of persons>				
·,					
17.	How many persons in your family living with you are employed at least 24 hours a week?	I			
• • •	Number of persons>				
18.	I am going to read some income groups to you. I am interested in the total income of all the members in your family that live with you. Please stop me when I say the income group that includes your income.				
	1. \$15,000 or less 4. \$35,001 to \$50,000 8. Don't know	ı			
	2. \$15,001 to \$25,000 5. Over \$50,000 9. Refused				
	3. \$25,001 to \$35,000				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
-	THANK YOU FOR TAKING YOUR VALUABLE TIME TO HELP US WITH THIS SURV	EY.			

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QUESTION NUMBER	VARIABLE NAME	VARIABLE LABEL	VALUES AND VALUE LABELS <sup>1</sup>	FIELD COLS (LEN	iGTH)
	QRNO	Questionnaire No.	Numeric	1-3	(3)
	SAMPLENO	Sample Number	Numeric	4-7	(4)
	ZIPCODE	Residence Zip Code	Numeric	8–12	(5)
	SEX	Respondent Sex	l=Female 2=Male	13	(1)
1	CITY	Commute To City	l=San Francisco 2=Oakland 3=Berkeley	14	(1)
· 2	STATDIST	Distance to Station	l=1 mile or less 2=over 1 mile	15	(1)
2	STATION	Closest Station (IF STATDIST=1)	LM=LAKE MERRITT FV=FRUITVALE CL=COLISEUM 12=12TH STREET 19=19TH STREET MA=MACARTHUR OW=OAKLAND WEST RR=ROCKRIDGE AS=ASHBY BK=BERKELEY (DOWN NB=NORTH BERKELEY EM=EMBARCADERO MT=MONTGOMERY STF PL=POWELL STREET CC=CIVIC CENTER 16=16TH STREET-MI 24=24TH STREET-MI GP=GLEN PARK BP=BALBOA PARK DC=DALY CITY 88=Don't Know	EET SSION SSION	
2	DISTANCE	Miles to Station (IF STATDIST=2)	Numeric 88=Don't Know	18–19	(2)

 All discrete single choice variables include the values: 8=don't know 9=refused to answer

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QUESTION NUMBER	VARIABLE NAME	VARIABLE LABEL		FIELD S (LEN	IGTH)
3a	KNOWADS	Seen/Heard Ads	l=Yes 2=No	20	(1)
3b	WHATKNOW	What Seen/Heard	<pre>1 = Radio advertising 2 = TV advertising 3 = Billboard 4 = Take Bart/variati 5 = Henny Youngman/va 6 = "A man with violi variations 7 = Other</pre>	ons riatio	(1) ons
. 4	KNOWPRSN	Know Person Featured	<pre>l=Yes, H. Youngman 2=Yes, other unspec. 3=No 4="Henny Youngman" va 5=Descriptions (comed man with violin, et 6=Other</pre>	lian,	(1) ons
5a	MEDIA1 MEDIA2 MEDIA3 MEDIA4 MEDIA5 MEDIA6	Where See/Hear Ad: 1=Newspaper 2=Radio 3=Billboard 4=Television 5=Bus Cards 6=Other	1=Selected 2=Not selected	23 24 25 26 27 28	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
<b>5</b> b	BESTLOOK	Which Remember Best	1=Newspaper 2=Radio 3=Billboard 4=Television 5=Bus Cards 6=Other	29	(1)
6	ADLINE	Remember Ad Phrase	l="Take your BART, please" 2=Variations on "Take your Bart, please" 3=other	30 e .	(1)

- - All discrete multiple choice variables are coded:
    - 8's in all columns for don't know
    - 9's in all columns for refused to answer

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QUESTION NUMBER	VARIABLE NAME	VARIABLE LABEL	•••••••••••	IELD	IGTH)
<b>7</b>	MESSAGE	What was Ad Message	1=BART less stressful 2=BART less cost 3=Other 4="Ride BART"/variation 5=Avoid traffic jams 6=Avoid parking problem 7=Other	ns	(1)
 8a	BARTLAST	Days use BART last year	1=5 or more days 2=3-4 days 3=1-2 days 4=Less than 1 day 0=None	<sup>-</sup> 32	(1)
<b>8</b> b	BARTNOW	Days use BART now	l=5 or more days 2=3-4 days 3=1-2 days 4=less than 1 day 0=None	33	(1)
9	COST	Ads improve cost aware	l=Yes 2=No	34	(1)
10	STRESS	Ads improve stress aware	l=Yes 2=No	35	(1)
11	ADEFFECT	Changed use due to ad	l=Yes 2=No	36	(1)
12	REASONS1 REASONS2 REASONS3 REASONS4 REASONS5 REASONS6 REASONS7 REASONS8 REASONS9	Why don't use BART more l=Too expensive 2=Too slow 3=Too crowded 4=Doesn't come enough 5=Doesn't go where I w 6=Parking problems 7=Crime around station 8=Must operate vehicle 9=Other	S	37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<pre>(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)</pre>

- - All discrete multiple choice variables are coded: 8's in all columns for don't know 9's in all columns for refused to answer

QUESTION NUMBER	VARIABLE NAME	VARIABLE LABEL	VALUES AND VALUE LABELS <sup>1</sup>	FIELD COLS (LE	
13	ADDINFO1 ADDINFO2 ADDINFO3 ADDINFO4 ADDINFO5 ADDINFO6 ADDINFO7 ADDINFO8	What information helpful 1=Scheduling 2=Service Reliability 3=Connecting transit 4=Costs 5=Station locations 6=Quality improvement 7=Expansion informatio 8=Other		46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	<pre>(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)</pre>
14	AGEGROUP	Respondent age group	1=14-17 2=18-24 3=25-34 4=35-44 5=45-54 6=55-64 7=65+	54	(1)
15a	VEHICLES	Vehicles in household	Numeric <sup>2</sup>	55	(1)
15b	VEHAVAIL	Vehicles available to R	Numeric <sup>2</sup>	56	(1)
16	HHSI ZE	Family members in HH	Numeric <sup>2</sup>	57	(1)
17	EMPLOYED	Employed family members	Numeric <sup>2</sup>	58	(1)
18	INCOME	Household income group	1=0-15,000 2=15,001-25,000 3=25,001-35,000 4=35,001-50,000 5=50,001+	59	(1)

1. All discrete single choice variables include the values: 8=don't know 9=refused to answer All discrete multiple choice variables are coded: 8's in all columns for don't know

9's in all columns for refused to answer

2. 7=7 or more

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