MISSION: Arrest and Control instructors will provide officers of this department with training regarding Arrest and Control techniques.

GOAL: By utilizing hands-on guidance, Arrest and Control instructors will teach the Officers of this department the proper control holds, searching and handcuffing techniques. The instructors will give Officers techniques when responding to resistance during these techniques.

1. Lecture

   A) Lead discussion of revised Use of Force Policy 300.
      a. Officers are required to document and report all UOFs.
      b. Sergeants have the task of which level of investigation they are to perform.
   B) Clarify administrative vs technical terms
      a. Non-dynamic takedown vs takedown technique taught by staff
   C) Explain development of curriculum to make relevant to students
      a. Curriculum vetted by one year of statistical analysis wherein nearly 75% of the UOFs involved Arrest & Control or attempt thereof
      b. Curriculum vetted by observations of UOF Review Board showing deficiencies
   D) Strive for Minimum Force is a valid goal and concept. Critically analyze the policy and emphasize the many contingencies and factors to consider when using force

   E) De-escalation Techniques (Tactical Communications)
      a. Critical Decision Making
         i. Collect information
         ii. Assess situation, threats, risks
         iii. Identify options, determine best course of action (Do I have to act now, or can I wait?)
         iv. Act, review, and re-assess
      b. On-going evaluation of situation
         i. Before, during, and after UOF
         ii. When to slow down
         iii. Situational awareness of scene – 360 environment
c. WIN – What’s Important Now?
   i. Use team concept
   ii. Provide clear, single questions/commands

F) Graham v. Connor
   a. Officer with similar training and experience
   b. In similar situation
   c. Act in similar manner
      i. Not best decision, but reasonable one

G) Scott v. Heinrich
   a. Force Options
   b. No need for escalation of force options

H) Safety Points:
   a. Injuries (Past, Present, & Future)
   b. Spatial Awareness
   c. Dangerous Conditions

I) Mindset
   a. Full contact chess analogy
   b. What are you prepared to do?
   c. Why are you doing it?

J) Report Articulation

K) MVR Activation: especially in context of current UOF reporting

2. Warm-up  III (a)
   - Jumping jacks
   - Neck rotations
   - Shoulder rotations
   - Arm rotations
   - Side bends (left and right)
   - Trunk twists (left and right)
   - Hamstring stretch
   - Quad stretch
   - Lower back stretch
   - Wrist stretches

3. Break falls  III (b,f,g,i)
   - Front fall
   - Side fall
   - Back fall
4. Footwork (from POI) III (b,h,i)
- Forward shuffle
- Rear shuffle
- Left shuffle
- Right shuffle
- Shuffle pivot

5. Control Holds/ Searching/ Handcuffing/ Self Defense III (b,d,e,f,h,i)

A) Review Twist Lock and Twist Lock Search
   a. Response to Resistance
      i. Disengage, transition to tools
      ii. Apply Twist Lock to disrupt Suspect’s actions
      iii. Critical Response: Takedown
         1. Twist Lock Circle Down
         2. Twist Lock TD to the Rear/ disengage
      iv. Handcuffing: Driving method & Wrist-Roll
   b. Quick Cuffing (low risk)
      i. Grabbing of fingers
      ii. Twist-locks (top to bottom; bottom to top)
      iii. Response to Resistance:
         1. For “Grabbing of Fingers” – disengage (push) and transition to weapons
         2. For Twist-lock grips
            a. apply Twist Lock, de-escalate
               i. disengage
               ii. take down
               iii. disengage and transition
   c. Standing Modified (low/med risk) Search
      i. review: systematic, quadrant, crushing search
      ii. Response to Resistance during search
         1. disengage, de-escalate, transition to tools
         2. take down to rear (straight pull down)
         3. Elbow Compression
         4. Handcuffing
            a. Contact & Cover (one-person) technique
            b. 2-officers with double Rear Wrist Locks (RWLs)
      iii. Twist Lock option with review of responses to resistance
      iv. Rear Wrist Lock option
1. emphasize pre-planning (clearing wrists)
2. technique heavy option; requires more practice

B) Moving seated patron
   a. Review/ Introduce Pressure Points
      i. Mastoid
      ii. Salivary Gland
      iii. Brachial Plexus
      iv. Radial Nerve
      v. Emphasize bracing and expected reactions
   b. Review last year’s technique
      i. Replace Pressure Points for officer with cross face pin

SECOND FORMAT COURSE

6. Ground Defense
   A) Discuss Critical Attack Positions and responses

7. Ground Control
   A) Hip Press + movement: This is maintaining a neutral ground position
   B) Review:
      a. Leg Trap
      b. Figure-4 Leg Lock (emphasize locking ankle is knee joint for maximum effectiveness)
      c. 2 officer response exercise
         i. one officer working Hip Press Technique
         ii. second officer enters exercise utilizing Leg Trap and/ or Fig-4 Leg Lock
         iii. second officer should announce presence and intent
8. Impact Weapons

A) Target Zones
   a. Zone 1, define
   b. Zone 2, define
   c. Joints and areas where skins is closest to the bone (lower arms and legs) are preferred
   d. How to articulate in a report
      i. Example: I performed two zone 2 strikes. One strike apparently struck the suspect’s thigh area causing a deep bruise. One strike apparently struck the suspect’s lower arms. This was an apparent reflexive defense move by the suspect and resulted in a broken arm.

B) Areas to Avoid
   a. Head, Neck
   b. Spine
   c. Direct Jabs to the heart
   d. Groin
   e. Areas to Avoid unless Lethal Force is justified

C) Draws
   a. Cross Draw
   b. Power Draw
   c. Stepping forward or stepping back
   d. Advantages of gun-side forward strikes
      i. Distance
      ii. Gun protection
      iii. Back health

D) Zone 1 strikes breakdown
   a. Forehand
   b. Backhand
   c. Snap Strikes
   d. Forehand to Backhand
   e. With footwork
   f. With commands
   g. On standing bags with holder (safety 1st)

E) Zone 2 strikes breakdown
   a. All of Zone 1 with a lower center of gravity
   b. Mixed strikes (Zones 1 & 2)

F) Alternate strikes
   a. One-handed jab
   b. Two-handed jab
   c. Zone 2 strike from “on guard”
   d. Chop strikes from “on guard”
G) Expandable Baton
   a. Draws
      i. On-side
         1. Hi
         2. Low
      ii. Off-side
         1. Hi
         2. Low
   b. Expanded strikes are same as Zone 1/ Zone 2 strikes above

H) Closed format/ Emergency Impact Weapon Strikes
   a. Yawara style (especially for flashlights)
      i. Jab
      ii. Backhand
      iii. Bottom Fist (Hammer Fist)
      iv. Slap Strike
      v. Palm Up Hook
      vi. Palm Down Hook

I) In-hand retentions
   a. Circle-In/ Circle-Out
   b. Figure-8

9. Scenario
   A) FIST suit

REMINDER
A memo must be completed and submitted to supervisor if an Officer is unable to perform any of the above listed Defensive Tactics/Arrest Control techniques.

END LESSON
NOTES: